Mixed ANOVA

Psychology 3256

Introduction

- So far we have talked about
- simple between and within
- factorial between and within
- What about combinations?
- Why of course, let's!

Ummm, why?

- There are cases when we might want one or more between and one or more within
- say oh, species and learning
- sex differences
- etc

An example

	5 min	l hr	24 hr	
Implicit	GI	GI	GI	
Explicit	G2	G2	G2	

- There may be some concern about the implicit test being contaminated
- We still want a decay function

What are the sources of variation?

- test type
- retention interval
- subjects(test type)

"subjects nested
with in test
type"

	5 min	l hr	24 hr
	GI	G	GI
Ш	G2	G2	G2

$$GI = SI-SI0 G2 = SII - S20$$

Build the ANOVA table

- How do you know what to test with what?
- Yates' order says
 use the first term
 below with
 subjects and the
 variable we want
 to test

SV	df
test	l (test-l)
S(test)	18 (n-1)test
RI	2 (ri-1)
RIxTest	2 (ri-I)(Test-I)
RIxS(Test)	36 (ri-l)(n-l)(test)
TOTAL	59 N-I

To review

- Between
- Subjects
- Within
- Do the interactions
- Then just figure out the error terms
- This assumes everything is fixed and subjects are random

Another example (n=5)

	BI	BI	B2	B2	B3	B3
S	CI	C2	CI	C2	CI	C2
• E AI	erG+>	aG I	GI	GI	GI	GI
a A2	1 -> B G2	G2	G2	G2	G2	G2

SV	df	test
Α	(a-I)= I	S(A)
S(A)	(n-1)a= 8	
С	(c-I)= I	CS(A)
CA	(c-1)(a-1)=1	CS(A)
CS(A)	(c-1)(n-1)a=8	
В	(b-I)= 2	BS(A)
ВА	(b-1)(a-1)=2	BS(A)
BS(A)	(b-I)(n-I)a= 16	
ВС	(b-1)(c-1)=2	BCS(A)
BCA	(b-1)(c-1)(a-1)=2	BCS(A)
BCS(A)	(b-1)(c-1)(n-1)a=16	
TOTAL	N-I= 59	

Yet another one...

		CI	CI	C2	C2	C3	C3
• 1		ΑI	A2	ΑI	A2	ΑI	A2
• \$	ВΙ	GI	G3	GI	G3	GI	G3
• r	B2	er gro G2	up G4	G2	G4	G2	G4

SV	df	test
Α	a-1 = 1	S(AB)
В	b-I = I	S(AB)
AB	(a-1)(b-1) = 1	S(AB)
S(AB)	(n-1)ab = 20	
С	c-1=2	CS(AB)
CA	(a-1)(c-1) = 2	CS(AB)
СВ	(b-1)(c-1) = 2	CS(AB)
CAB	(a-1)(b-1)(c-1) = 2	CS(AB)
CS(AB)	(c-1)(n-1)ab = 40	
TOTAL	N-I = 7I	